Lesson plan

Target: 5th class of Liceo linguistico

Content: Words of wisdom- Civil rights in the world

Content aims : to introduce class to some important information and stages in the struggle for civil rights in the world.

Language aims

Vocabulary: a lexical set of famous people(Martin Luther King,Aung San Suu Kyi,Gandhi,D.Dolci,etc.) connected to civil rights (non violence, emancipation,resistance,racial equality,civil disobedience,etc.)

Main structures: Past tenses

Other language work: Grammar/word study activity to practise all four skills- reading, writing, listeniing, speaking-

Communication and fluency :sharing ideas about the topic

Materials: images and pictures, handouts, songs.

Procedure

Stage 1 Activating prior knowledge

The teacher shows some pictures of famous people connected to civil rights. He/she asks students to match names/pictures of them and to find a link among all of them.



Stage 2 matching activity:

Work in pairs. 1) Match the first part of the quotations with the second and last part.

 "The old law about 'an eye for an eye' "Act. Do not wait for leaders. 	A. The opposite of love is not hate, it's indifference". Elie Wiesel
3. Mankind must put an end to war	B. but never lose infinite hope." M.L.K.
4. "Human rights are not only violated by terrorism, repression or violence	C. the world less cold and more just". Pope Francis
5. "Don't lose faith. We must accept finite disappointment	D. before war puts an end to mankind". John F. Kennedy
6. "Take a stand	E . Please use your liberty to promote
7. "It's important to know that words can't move the mountains	
8. "A little bit of mercy makes	E. leaves everybody blind." Martin Luther
9. "Who will speak for the poor? Who will	King JR.(M.L.K.)
listen to slaves	F. Do it alone, person to person". Mother
10. "Be free.	Teresa
11. "Be happy.	G. but work, hard work, it can." D. Dolci
	H. and those who have no rights? Who will work for a future where everyone is equal?" "I will" Gandhi
	I. Happiness is not something readymade, it comes from your own actions." Dalai Lama
	J. but also by unfair economic structures that create huge inequalities." Pope Francis

Stage 3

Focus on content of the sentences .Using brainstorming introduce and share some info about people who are mentioned. Ask questions such as : Have you ever heard of....? Why are they famous? What do their quotations mean and express?

Stage 4 Fill in the gaps, choosing an appropriate word from the following list:

inequality, African, rights, became, greatest, against, "I have a dream", April, attracted, final, became

In theyears of his life, King expanded his focus to include <u>poverty</u> and speak against the <u>Vietnam War</u>, alienating many of his <u>liberal</u> allies with a 1967 speech titled "<u>Beyond Vietnam</u>".

Stage 5 Song – Pride by U2

Lyrics

One man come in the name of love One man come and go One man come he to justify One man to overthrow

In the name of love What more in the name of love In the name of love What more in the name of love

One man caught on a barbed wire fence One man he resist One man washed up on an empty beach One man betrayed with a kiss

In the name of love What more in the name of love In the name of love What more in the name of love

Early morning, April four Shot rings out in the Memphis sky Free at last, they took your life They could not take your pride

In the name of love What more in the name of love In the name of love What more in the name of love

In the name of love What more in the name of love In the name of love What more in the name of love

Listen and discuss- Who wrote this song? .What do you know about the song? Etc.

Listen again and look at the lyrics:underline the past tenses, find connections with the topic and find semantic fields like hate and love,etc

Stage 6 Follow up activity

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Students are invited to choose one of the previous quotations and explain why. Using internet research, they should look for information about the person who pronounced it.

During the next lesson they would share their info with other students in pairs or in small groups .